

Section 23 Solutions

(8) We know that if f is differentiable at z_0 then

$$f'(z_0) = u_x + iv_x$$

Our goal is to rewrite $f'(z_0)$ in terms of u_r and v_r . Using the multidimensional chain rule, $u_r = u_x x_r + u_y y_r$. Since $x = r \cos \theta$ and $y = r \sin \theta$, $u_r = u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta$. A similar equation holds for v_r .

$$\begin{aligned} u_r &= u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta & v_r &= v_x \cos \theta + v_y \sin \theta \\ u_r &= u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta & v_r &= -u_y \cos \theta + u_x \sin \theta \quad (\text{using the CR eqs}) \\ u_r \cos \theta &= u_x \cos^2 \theta + u_y \sin \theta \cos \theta & v_r \sin \theta &= -u_y \sin \theta \cos \theta + u_x \sin^2 \theta \quad (\text{now add these eqs}) \\ u_r \cos \theta + v_r \sin \theta &= u_x \end{aligned}$$

Now solve for u_y in a similar way.

$$\begin{aligned} u_r &= u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta & v_r &= -u_y \cos \theta + u_x \sin \theta \\ u_r \sin \theta &= u_x \sin \theta \cos \theta + u_y \sin^2 \theta & v_r \cos \theta &= -u_y \cos^2 \theta + u_x \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad (\text{now subtract}) \\ u_r \sin \theta - v_r \cos \theta &= u_y \\ f'(z_0) &= u_x + iv_x \\ &= u_x - iu_y \\ &= u_r \cos \theta + v_r \sin \theta - iu_r \sin \theta + iv_r \cos \theta \\ &= u_r(\cos \theta - i \sin \theta) + v_r(\sin \theta + i \cos \theta) \\ &= u_r(\cos \theta - i \sin \theta) + iv_r(-i \sin \theta + \cos \theta) \\ &= u_r e^{-i\theta} + iv_r e^{-i\theta} \\ &= e^{-i\theta}(u_r + iv_r) \end{aligned}$$