

### Finishing Practice Integral C

(C) Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{1+x^4} dx$$

using a quarter circle contour (coming back along the imaginary axis) or the upper half circle.

The only singularity inside the contour is at

$$e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}$$

We plug that into  $p/q'$  to get the residue.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{p}{q'} &= \frac{\log z}{4z^3} \\ Res &= \frac{\log e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{4(e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}})^3} \\ &= \frac{i\pi}{16} e^{-\frac{i3\pi}{4}} \\ &= \frac{i\pi}{16} \left( \cos\left(-\frac{i3\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{i3\pi}{4}\right) \right) \\ &= \frac{i\pi}{16} \left( \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \\ \int_C \frac{\log z}{1+z^4} dz &= \frac{-\pi^2}{8} \left( \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\pi^2}{8\sqrt{2}} (1+i) \end{aligned}$$

For the  $C_-$  integral, we sub in  $z(t) = it$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_-} \frac{\log z}{1+z^4} dz &= - \int_{\rho}^R \frac{\log it}{1+(it)^4} idt \\ &= -i \int_{\rho}^R \frac{\ln t + i\frac{\pi}{2}}{1+t^4} dt \\ &= -i \int_{\rho}^R \frac{\ln t}{1+t^4} dt + \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{\rho}^R \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt \end{aligned}$$

After you take care of  $C_{\rho}$  and  $C_R$ , you're left with

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8\sqrt{2}}(1+i) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{1+x^4} dx - i \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{1+x^4} dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^4} dx$$

If you match up real and imaginary parts, the imaginary parts give us the answer we want:

$$i \frac{\pi^2}{8\sqrt{2}} = -i \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{1+x^4} dx$$

$$-\frac{\pi^2}{8\sqrt{2}} = \int_0^\infty \frac{\ln x}{1+x^4} dx$$